# **National Parks and Wildlife Service**

# **Conservation Objectives Series**

# Belgica Mound Province SAC 002327



19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 1 of 7

## National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage,

90 King Street North, Dublin 7, D07 N7CV, Ireland.

Web: www.npws.ie E-mail: natureconservation@housing.gov.ie

### Citation:

NPWS (2022) Conservation Objectives: Belgica Mound Province SAC 002327. Version 1. National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage.

Series Editors: Rebecca Jeffrey and Christina Campbell ISSN 2009-4086

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 2 of 7

### Introduction

The overall aim of the Habitats Directive is to maintain or restore the favourable conservation status of habitats and species of community interest. These habitats and species are listed in the Habitats and Birds Directives and Special Areas of Conservation and Special Protection Areas are designated to afford protection to the most vulnerable of them. These two designations are collectively known as the Natura 2000 network.

European and national legislation places a collective obligation on Ireland and its citizens to maintain habitats and species in the Natura 2000 network at favourable conservation condition. The Government and its agencies are responsible for the implementation and enforcement of regulations that will ensure the ecological integrity of these sites.

A site-specific conservation objective aims to define favourable conservation condition for a particular habitat or species at that site.

The maintenance of habitats and species within Natura 2000 sites at favourable conservation condition will contribute to the overall maintenance of favourable conservation status of those habitats and species at a national level.

Favourable conservation status of a habitat is achieved when:

- its natural range, and area it covers within that range, are stable or increasing, and
- the specific structure and functions which are necessary for its long-term maintenance exist and are likely to continue to exist for the foreseeable future, and
- the conservation status of its typical species is favourable.

The favourable conservation status of a species is achieved when:

- population dynamics data on the species concerned indicate that it is maintaining itself on a long-term basis as a viable component of its natural habitats, and
- the natural range of the species is neither being reduced nor is likely to be reduced for the foreseeable future, and
- there is, and will probably continue to be, a sufficiently large habitat to maintain its populations on a long-term basis.

### **Notes/Guidelines:**

- 1. The targets given in these conservation objectives are based on best available information at the time of writing. As more information becomes available, targets for attributes may change. These will be updated periodically, as necessary.
- 2. An appropriate assessment based on these conservation objectives will remain valid even if the targets are subsequently updated, providing they were the most recent objectives available when the assessment was carried out. It is essential that the date and version are included when objectives are cited.
- 3. Assessments cannot consider an attribute in isolation from the others listed for that habitat or species, or for other habitats and species listed for that site. A plan or project with an apparently small impact on one attribute may have a significant impact on another.
- 4. Please note that the maps included in this document do not necessarily show the entire extent of the habitats and species for which the site is listed. This should be borne in mind when appropriate assessments are being carried out.
- 5. When using these objectives, it is essential that the relevant backing/supporting documents are consulted, particularly where instructed in the targets or notes for a particular attribute.

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 3 of 7

# **Qualifying Interests**

\* indicates a priority habitat under the Habitats Directive

002327 Belgica Mound Province SAC

1170 Reefs

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 4 of 7

### Supporting documents, relevant reports & publications

Supporting documents, NPWS reports and publications are available for download from: www.npws.ie/Publications

#### **NPWS Documents**

Year: 2022

Title: Belgica Mound Province SAC (site code: 002327) Conservation objectives supporting

document - marine habitats V1

Author: NPWS

Series: Conservation objectives supporting document

Year: in prep.

Title: Reef Habitat in Irish offshore waters – A synthesis of current knowledge

Author: Forde, J.; Allcock, L.; Grehan, A.

Series: Irish Wildlife Manuals

### **Other References**

Year: 2002

Title: Report of the survey in zone 3 of the Irish National Seabed Survey, volume 1: Describing the

results and the methods used

Author: Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI)

Series: GOTECH, Dublin

Year: 2008

Title: Growth history of a cold-water coral covered carbonate mound- Galway Mound, Porcupine

Seabight, NE-Atlantic

Author: Eisele, M.H.; Hebbeln, D.; Wienberg, C.

**Series :** Marine Geology, 253(3-4): 160-169

**Year:** 2010

Title: Atlas of the deep-water seabed: Ireland

Author: Dorschel, B.; Wheeler, A.J.; Monteys, X.; Verbruggen, K.

Series: Springer, Netherlands

Year: 2011

Title: The importance of the terrigenous fraction within a cold-water coral mound: A case study

Author: Pirlet, H.; Christophe C.; Thierens, M.; Latruwe, K.; Van Rooij, D.; Foubert, A.; Norbert, F.;

Blamart, D.; Huvenne, V.; Swennen, R.; Vanhaecke, F.; Henriet, J.P.

**Series :** Marine Geology, 282(1-2): 13-25

Year: 2013

Title: High-resolution habitat suitability modelling can improve conservation of vulnerable marine

ecosystems in the deep sea

Author: Rengstorf, A.M.; Yesson, C.; Brown, C.; Grehan, A.J.

Series: Journal of Biogeography, 40: 1702-1714

**Year**: 2019

Title: SEAROVER 2018 Deep Water Reef Habitat & Species Video Analysis Full Report

Author: La Bianca, G.; Ross, R.; Howell, K.

Series: Report commissioned by Marine Institute, Rinville, Oranmore, Co. Galway

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 5 of 7

## Spatial data sources

Year: 2010

Title: INFOMAR dataset

GIS Operations: Bathymetric dataset used to derive spatial footprint of reef features; clipped to SAC boundary.

Expert opinion used as necessary to resolve any issues arising

**Used For:** 1170, Marine community types (maps 2, 3)

Year: 2002

Title: Irish National Seabed Survey

GIS Operations: Bathymetric dataset used to derive spatial footprint of reef features; clipped to SAC boundary.

Expert opinion used as necessary to resolve any issues arising

**Used For:** 1170, Marine community types (maps 2, 3)

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 6 of 7

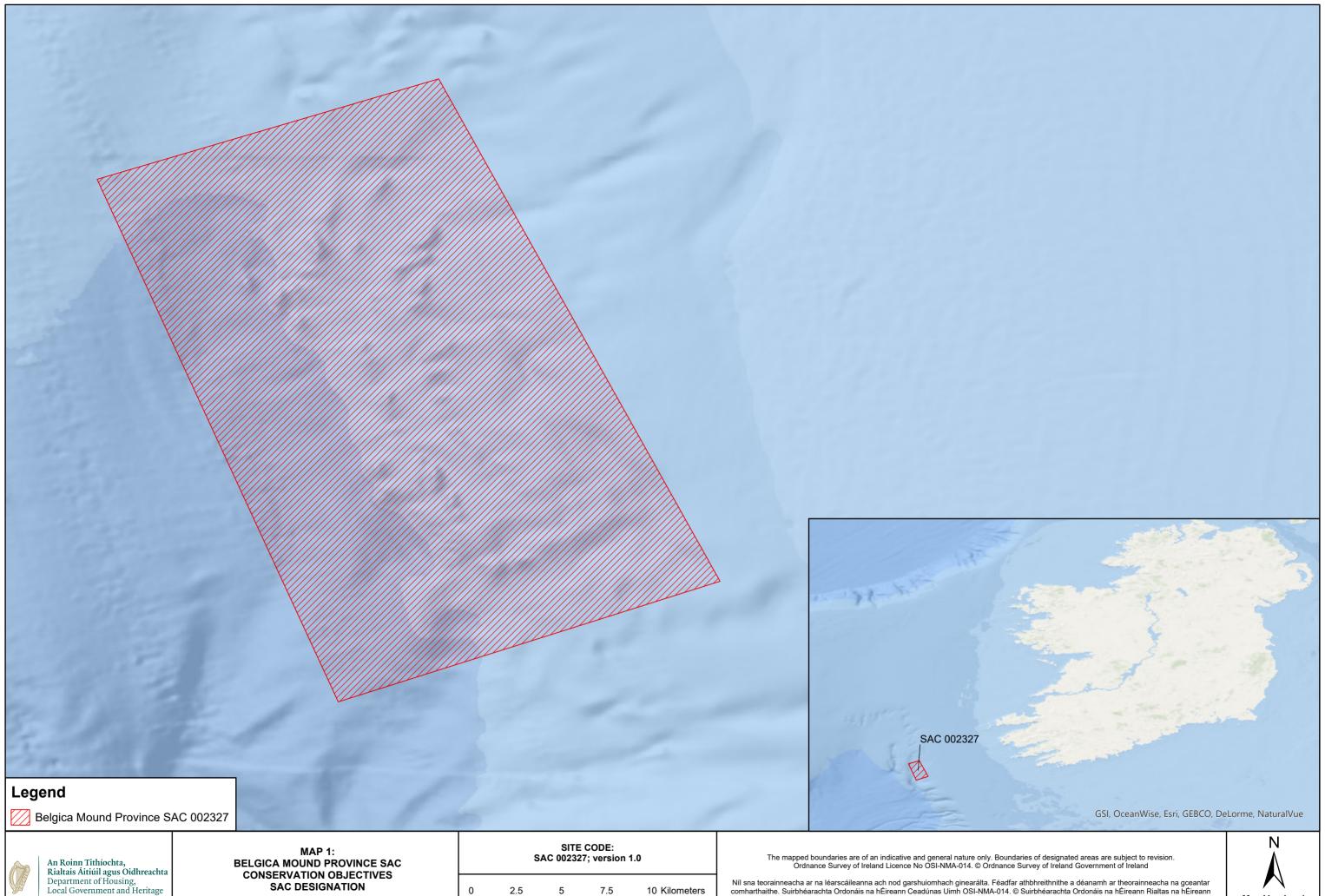
## Conservation Objectives for: Belgica Mound Province SAC [002327]

### 1170 Reefs

To maintain the favourable conservation condition of Reefs in Belgica Mound Province SAC, which is defined by the following list of attributes and targets:

Attribute	Measure	Target	Notes
Area of geological features	Hectares	The permanent area is stable or increasing, subject to natural processes. See map 2	Habitat area estimated as 3,011ha, with an additional 13km of linear features, based on information from the national seabed mapping programme INFOMAR (Dorschel et al., 2010) and the Irish National Seabed Survey (GSI, 2002). See the Belgica Mound Province SAC conservation objectives supporting document for marine habitats for further details
Distribution	Occurrence	The distribution of reefs is stable or increasing, subject to natural processes. See map 3	Based on information from the national seabed mapping programme INFOMAR (Dorschel et al., 2010) and the Irish National Seabed Survey (GSI, 2002). Map 3 shows the mapped geological features, which are used as indicators of the distribution of the reefs habitat. See the marine habitats supporting document for further details
Physical structure: habitat-forming species	Presence and structure	Maintain the structural integrity of the Belgica Mound Province reef community complex, subject to natural processes	Based on information from Eisele et al. (2008), Pirlet et al. (2011), Rengstorf et al. (2013), La Bianca et al. (2019) and Forde et al. (in prep.). See the marine habitats supporting document for further details
Community structure	Biological composition	Conserve the Belgica Mound Province reef community complex in a natural condition, subject to natural processes	Based on information from Eisele et al. (2008), Pirlet et al. (2011), Rengstorf et al. (2013), La Bianca et al. (2019) and Forde et al. (in prep.). See the marine habitats supporting document for further details

19 Jan 2022 Version 1 Page 7 of 7



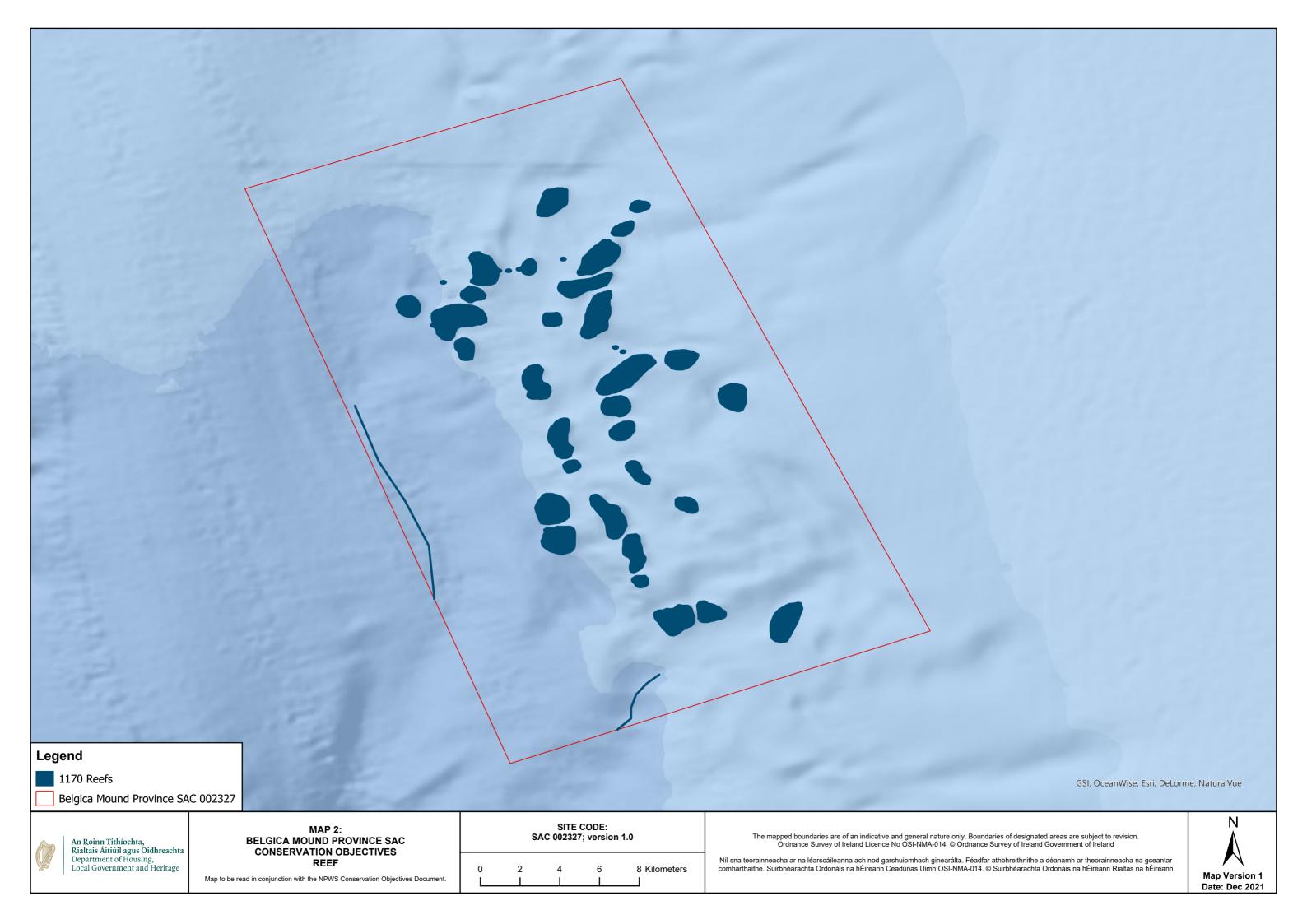
An Roinn Tithíochta, Rialtais Áitiúil agus Oidhreachta Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage

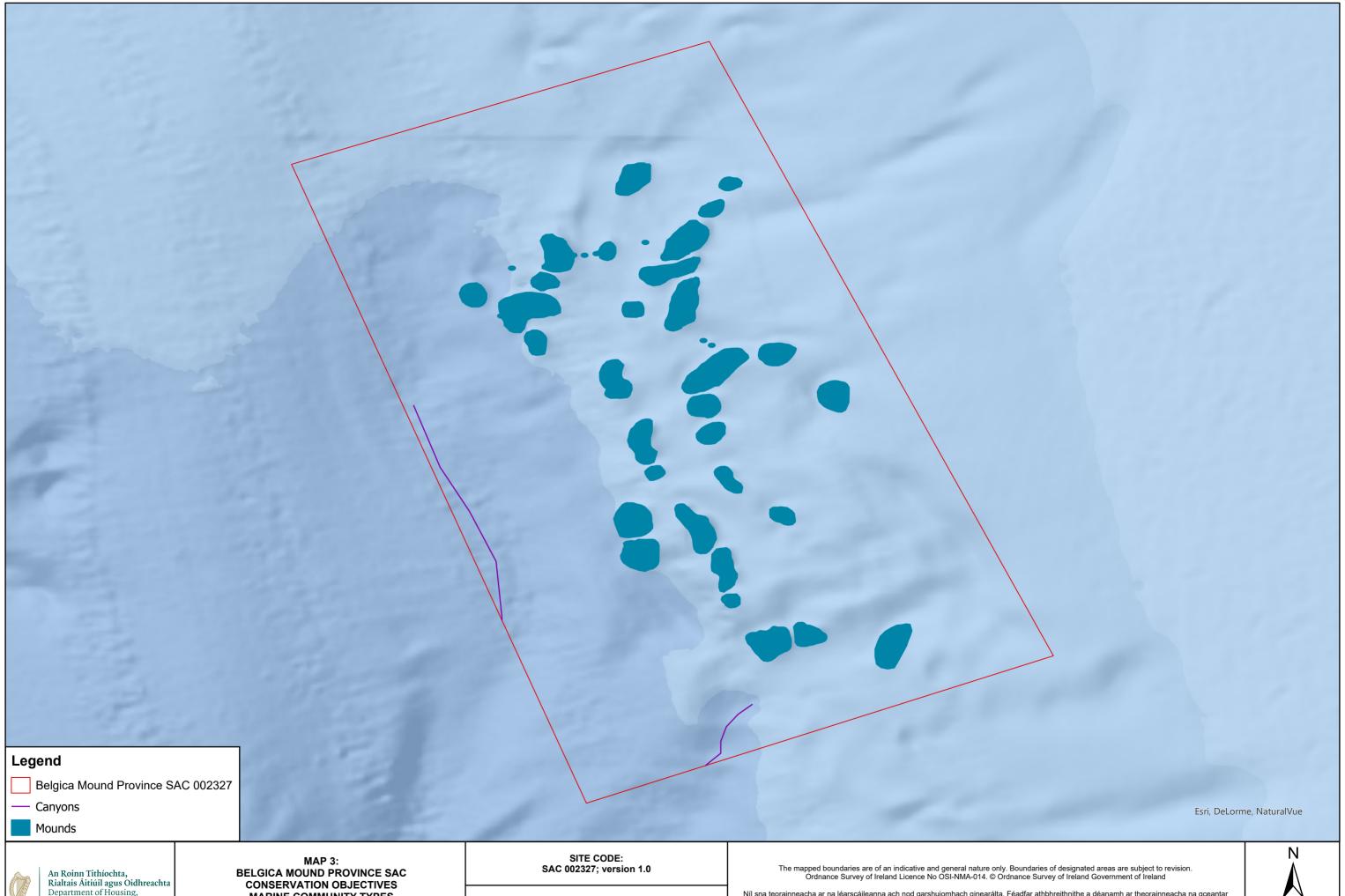
SAC DESIGNATION

7.5 Map to be read in conjunction with the NPWS Conservation Objectives Document.

Níl sna teorainneacha ar na léarscáileanna ach nod garshuiomhach ginearálta. Féadfar athbhreithnithe a déanamh ar theorainneacha na gceantar comharthaithe. Suirbhéarachta Ordonáis na hÉireann Ceadúnas Uimh OSI-NMA-014. © Suirbhéarachta Ordonáis na hÉireann Rialtas na hÉireann







An Roinn Tithíochta, Rialtais Áitiúil agus Oidhreachta Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage

MARINE COMMUNITY TYPES

Map to be read in conjunction with the NPWS Conservation Objectives Document.

8 Kilometers

Níl sna teorainneacha ar na léarscáileanna ach nod garshuiomhach ginearálta. Féadfar athbhreithnithe a déanamh ar theorainneacha na gceantar comharthaithe. Suirbhéarachta Ordonáis na hÉireann Ceadúnas Uimh OSI-NMA-014. © Suirbhéarachta Ordonáis na hÉireann Rialtas na hÉireann

