Structure and dynamics of the polar antiferromagnets Ni_{3-x}Co_xTeO₆ (x=1,2)

Supplemental Materials

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S1. Single crystal synthesis



Figure S1.1 Images of Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆ single crystals and their orientation.



Figure S2.1 X-Ray Diffraction patterns of Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆ at room temperature.

S3. Neutron Powder Diffraction







Figure S3.1.1 Rietveld refinement profiles for NiCo2TeO6 using time-of-flight NPD data collected at 60 K showing observed, calculated and different profiles in red, blue and grey, respectively (blue ticks show positions of peaks for the main phase); (a) shows bank 5 (153°) data, (b) shows bank 4 (122°) data, (c) shows bank 3 (90°) data, (d) shows bank 2 (58°) data and (e) shows bank 1 (27°) data; Rwp = 3.52%, Rp = 2.81% and $\chi 2 = 7.90$.

Table S3.1.1 Refinement details from refinement using 60 K NPD data for NiCo₂TeO₆ in space group *R*3 (cations on the 3*a* site (0, 0, *z*)), a = 5.15218(1) Å, c = 13.81581(9) Å, $R_{wp} = 3.52\%$, $R_p = 2.81\%$ and $\chi^2 = 7.90$.

$(0, 0, 2)$, $u = 5.15210(1)11$, $v = 15.01501(2)11$, $K_{wp} = 5.5270$, $K_{p} = 2.0170$ and $\chi = 7.500$.									
Atom	Site	x	у	z	$U_{iso}\times 100~({\rm \AA^2})$	occupancy			
Ni/Co(1)	3a	0	0	0.3053(2)	1.15(1)†	0.559(4)/0.441(4)			
Ni/Co(2)	3a	0	0	0.5071(8)	1.15(1)†	0/1			
Ni/Co(3)	3a	0	0	0.7934(3)	1.15(1)†	0.441(4)/0.559(4)			
Те	3a	0	0	0*	1.15(1)†	1			
O(1)	9b	- 0.0285(3)	0.3285(2)	0.2414(3)	2.72(9)	1			
O(2)	9 <i>b</i>	0.6474(3)	- 0.0444(3)	0.0700(2)	1.21(6)	1			

*fixed at zero to define unit cell origin along polar c axis

 $\dagger cation~U_{iso}$ values constrained to be equal



Figure S3.1.2 Rietveld refinement profiles for Ni₂CoTeO₆ using constant wavelength NPD data (collected on D2B) collected at 300 K showing observed, calculated and different profiles in red, blue and grey, respectively; $R_{wp} = 5.72\%$, $R_p = 3.93\%$ and $\chi^2 = 13.32$.

Table S3.1.2 Refinement details from refinement using 300 K NPD (D2B) data for Ni₂CoTeO₆ in space group *R*3 (cations on the 3*a* site (0, 0, *z*)), a = 5.11516(5) Å, c = 13.7680(2) Å, $R_{wp} = 5.72\%$, $R_p = 3.93\%$ and $\chi^2 = 13.32$.

Atom	Site	x	у	z	$U_{iso}\times 100~({\rm \AA}^2)$	occupancy
Ni/Co(1)	3a	0	0	0.3084(4)	0.80(3)†	0.769(4)/0.231(4)
Ni/Co(2)	3a	0	0	0.5191(8)	0.80(3)†	0.462(8)/0.537(8)
Ni/Co(3)	3a	0	0	0.8064(5)	0.80(3)†	0.769(4)/0.231(4)
Te	3a	0	0	0*	1.8(1)	1
O(1)	9b	-0.011(1)	0.351(1)	0.2441(5)	1.50(9)	1
O(2)	9 <i>b</i>	0.6351(9)	- 0.043(1)	0.0776(5)	1.24(9)	1

*fixed at zero to define unit cell origin along polar c axis †cation U_{iso} values constrained to be equal

Table S3.1.3 Selected bond lengths and interatomic distances from refinement using 300 K NPD (D2B) data for Ni_2CoTeO_6 .

Bond	Bond length (Å)	Bond	Bond length (Å)
Ni/Co(1) - O(1)	$3 \times 2.02(8)$	Te - O(1)	$3 \times 2.024(7)$
Ni/Co(1) - O(2)	$3 \times 2.070(9)$	Te - O(2)	$3 \times 2.064(6)$
Ni/Co(2) - O(1)	$3 \times 1.874(8)$	Ni/Co(1) - Ni/Co(2)	2.90(1)
Ni/Co(2) - O(2)	$3 \times 2.124(9)$	Ni/Co(2) - Ni/Co(3)	3.021(2)
Ni/Co(3) - O(1)	$3 \times 2.157(8)$	Te - Ni/Co(3)	2.666(7)
Ni/Co(3) - O(2)	$3 \times 2.039(7)$		





Figure S3.2.1 Rietveld refinement profiles for NiCo₂TeO₆ using time-of-flight NPD data collected at 1.5 K showing observed, calculated and different profiles in red, blue and grey, respectively (blue ticks show positions of peaks for the main phase); (a) shows bank 5 (153°) data, (b) shows bank 4 (122°) data, (c) shows bank 3 (90°) data, (d) shows bank 2 (58°) data and (e) shows bank 1 (27°) data; $R_{wp} = 4.24\%$, $R_p = 3.27\%$ and $\chi^2 = 12.04$.

Table S3.2.1 Refinement details from refinement using 1.5 K NPD data for NiCo₂TeO₆ in space group *R*3 (cations on the 3*a* site (0, 0, *z*)), a = 5.15069(2) Å, c = 13.8125(1) Å, magnetic propagation vector $q = (0\ 0\ 1.2110(1))$; $R_{wp} = 4.24\%$, $R_p = 3.27\%$ and $\chi^2 = 12.04$.

Atom	Site	x	у	z	$U_{iso}\times 100~({\rm \AA}^2)$	occupancy	μ (μ _B)
Ni/Co(1)	3a	0	0	0.3051(1)	1.83(1) [†]	0.56/0.44	2.63(3)**
Ni/Co(2)	3 <i>a</i>	0	0	0.5104(4)	1.83(1) [†]	0/1	3.20(5)
Ni/Co(3)	3 <i>a</i>	0	0	0.7922(2)	1.83(1) [†]	0.44/0.56	2.63(3)**
Te	3 <i>a</i>	0	0	0*	1.83(1) [†]	1	
0(1)	9 <i>b</i>	-0.0339(3)	0.3295(3)	0.2316(2)	1.83(1) [†]	1	
O(2)	9 <i>b</i>	0.6506(3)	-0.0439(3)	0.0588(2)	1.83(1) [†]	1	

*fixed at zero to define unit cell origin along polar c axis

† Uiso values constrained to be equal

^{††} Moments for sites (1) and (3) were constrained to be equal to overcome correlation issues in the refinement; note the similar site occupancies for these two sites.

Bond length (Å) Bond **Bond length** (Å) Bond $3 \times 2.059(3)$ $3 \times 2.094(3)$ Ni/Co(1) - O(1)Te - O(1)Ni/Co(1) - O(2) $3 \times 1.975(3)$ Te - O(2) $3 \times 1.882(3)$ Ni/Co(2) - O(1) $3 \times 1.969(3)$ Ni/Co(1) - Ni/Co(2)2.836(6) Ni/Co(2) - O(2) $3 \times 2.264(5)$ Ni/Co(2) - Ni/Co(3)3.056(1) Ni/Co(3) - O(1) $3 \times 2.129(4)$ Te - Ni/Co(3)2.862(3) $3 \times 2.118(3)$ Ni/Co(3) - O(2)

Table S3.2.2 Selected bond lengths and interatomic distances from refinement using 1.5 K time-of-flight NPD data for $NiCo_2TeO_6$.



Figure S3.2.2 (a) average magnetic moment per Ni/Co site as a function of temperature and (b) evolution of magnetic propagation vector component $\gamma k=(0 \ 0 \ \gamma)$ with temperature for NiCo₂TeO₆ from sequential Rietveld refinements using time-of-flight NPD data (bank 3 data).



Figure S3.2.3 Rietveld refinement profiles for Ni₂CoTeO₆ using constant wavelength NPD data (collected on D2B) collected at 3 K showing observed, calculated and different profiles in red, blue and grey, respectively; $R_{wp} = 6.51\%$, $R_p = 4.62\%$ and $\chi^2 = 19.62$.

Table S3.2.3 Refinement details from refinement using 3 K NPD (D2B) data for Ni₂CoTeO₆ in space group *R*3 (cations on the 3*a* site (0, 0, *z*)), a = 5.10863(5) Å, c = 13.7502(2) Å, magnetic propagation vector $q = (0\ 0\ 1.299(4))$; $R_{wp} = 6.51\%$, $R_p = 4.62\%$ and $\chi^2 = 19.62$.

Atom	Site	x	у	z	$U_{iso}\times 100~({\rm \AA}^2)$	occupancy	μ (μ _B)
Ni/Co(1)	3a	0	0	0.3077(4)	0.07(2)†	0.77/0.23	2.63(3)**
Ni/Co(2)	3 <i>a</i>	0	0	0.5186(5)	0.07(2)†	0.46/0.54	2.63(3)**
Ni/Co(3)	3a	0	0	0.8050(5)	0.07(2)†	0.77/0.23	2.63(3)**
Te	3 <i>a</i>	0	0	0*	0.07(2)†	1	
O(1)	9b	-0.011(1)	0.348(1)	0.2434(5)	0.07(2)†	1	
O(2)	9b	0.6379(9)	-0.048(1)	0.0768(5)	0.07(2)†	1	

*fixed at zero to define unit cell origin along polar c axis

† Uiso values constrained to be equal

^{††} Moments for sites (1) and (3) were constrained to be equal to overcome correlation issues in the refinement; note the similar site occupancies for these two sites.

Table S3.2.4 Selected bond lengths and interatomic distances from refinement using 3 K NPD (D2B) data for Ni_2CoTeO_6 .

Bond	Bond length (Å)	Bond	Bond length (Å)
Ni/Co(1) - O(1)	$3 \times 2.012(8)$	Te - O(1)	3 × 2.031(9)
Ni/Co(1) - O(2)	$3 \times 2.064(9)$	Te - O(2)	3 × 2.036(8)
Ni/Co(2) - O(1)	$3 \times 1.874(8)$	Ni/Co(1) - Ni/Co(2)	2.90(1)
Ni/Co(2) - O(2)	3 × 2.122(9)	Ni/Co(2) - Ni/Co(3)	3.019(2)
Ni/Co(3) - O(1)	$3 \times 2.164(8)$	Te - Ni/Co(3)	2.681(7)
Ni/Co(3) - O(2)	$3 \times 2.061(8)$		

S3.3 Ni₂CoTeO6 and NiCo₂TeO₆ variable temperature data.



Figure S3.3 (a) average magnetic moment per Ni/Co site as a function of temperature and (b) evolution of magnetic propagation vector component γ (0 0 γ) with temperature for Ni₂CoTeO₆ from sequential Rietveld refinements using constant wavelength NPD data (D20).

S4. First-principles calculations

Spin-polarized density functional theory (DFT) calculations were conducted by the use of VASP code, implementing the projector-augmented-wave (PAW) formalism to describe the electron-ion interactions, and the Generalized Gradient Approximation parametrized by Pedrew, Burke, and Ernzerhof (GGA-PBE) for the exchange-correlation potential.^{1,2} In order to compensate the magnetic moments antiferromagnetically, the hexagonal unit cell was doubled along *c*-axis (60 atoms) and sampled by Gamma-centered $8 \times 8 \times 4$ grid. The plane wave cutoff energy was set to 600 eV. Additional on-site Coulomb repulsion interactions were considered concurrently, within the rotationally invariant form of the GGA+U method (Liechtenstein approach),³ where a Hubbard repulsion term is added for the localized 3*d* electrons (*U*) and the exchange interaction (*J*), while the other orbitals are delocalized and treated by the conventional GGA approximation.

Spin-polarized first-principles calculations, including spin-orbit coupling (SOC), were employed, aiming at investigating the structural, electronic and magnetic properties of the compounds. Within the GGA+U approach,³ where U=7.5 eV and J=0.5 eV for both Ni and Co sites, the hexagonal lattice parameters, cell volume, band gap energy E_g, Ni and Co magnetic moments for both compounds were computed and the values are presented in Table S4.1. The hexagonal cell volume and lattice parameters are by about 3% higher than the experimental values. The estimated band gap energy E_g corresponds to 2.5 and 2.3 eV for Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆ respectively, comparable with the value of 2.2 eV for Ni₃TeO₆, as calculated by Yokosuk *et al.*.⁴

In order to investigate the magnetic ground state of the compounds, calculations of two different spinpolarized SOC magnetic structures were conducted: FM and AFM, with the spins along the *c*-axis, for a double hexagonal cell of 60 atoms, in order to represent the AFM ordering of the magnetic moments. The magnetic structures are depicted in Table S4.2. The ground sates of both compounds correspond to an AFM spin order, as seen by the total energy differences ΔE calculated by first-principles calculations.

The spin magnetic moment values per atom m_s shown in Table S4.1 remain the same for all different magnetic configurations, and lie close to the previously reported experimental ones for Ni (2 μ_B) and Co (2-2.7 μ_B), in Ni₃TeO₆⁵ and Co₃TeO₆⁶ respectively. The values of the orbital magnetic moment m_L for each magnetic ion are also listed in Table S4.1.

Table S4.1 Lattice parameters, cell volumes, band gap energy E_g , magnetic spin and orbital moments per atom for Ni and Co, for Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆ as obtained from the first-principles calculations. The last two columns correspond to the total energy differences with respect to the AFM magnetic ground state for each compound, hence $\Delta E_{FM} = E_{FM} - E_{AFM}$, $\Delta E_{AFM} = E_{AFM} - E_{AFM}$. The experimental values of lattice parameters and cell volumes are also displayed.

	Exper.	Calcul.	Eg (eV)	m _{S,Ni} (μ _B)	m _{S,Co} (μ _B)	m _{L,Ni} (μ _B)	m _{L,Co} (μ _B)	$\Delta E_{\rm FM}$ (meV/f.u.)	$\Delta E_{\rm AFM}$ (meV/f.u.)
Ni ₂ CoTeO ₆	a=5.1257 Å c=13.7874 Å V=313.75 Å ⁻³	a=5.1649 Å c=13.9561 Å V=322.42 Å ⁻³	2.5	1.8	2.9	0.18	0.17	8.3	0
NiCo ₂ TeO ₆	a=5.1606 Å c=13.8372 Å V=316.14 Å ⁻³	a=5.2106 Å c=13.9237 Å V=327.33 Å ⁻³	2.3	1.8	2.9	0.18	0.17	10.8	0

Table S4.2 Schematic representation of the different hypothetical magnetic configurations for Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆: FM (up) and AFM (down). Here only a single hexagonal cell is presented (30 atoms), whereas a double hexagonal cell (60 atoms, doubled along *c*-axis) was used for the first-principles calculations of the AFM spin-order, in order to antiferromagnetically compensate the spins. The spin chains along *c*-axis for the AFM double hexagonal setting follow the order: $\downarrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$ for Ni₂CoTeO₆ and $\downarrow\downarrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$ for NiCo₂TeO₆. This hypothetical magnetic structure obtained from DFT calculations was not confirmed by experiment (see Fig. 1 in the main text).





Figure S5.1 Temperature dependence of (a) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (b) NiCo₂TeO₆ single crystal susceptibility at 0.1 T, for magnetic field parallel to *c*-axis and *ab*-plane. Temperature and magnetic field dependence of magnetization for (c) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (d) NiCo₂TeO₆ ceramics.



Figure S5.2 Magnetic field dependence of magnetization for (a), (c) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (b), (d) NiCo₂TeO₆ single crystals and ceramics, respectively.

S6. Spin and lattice excitations

S6.1. Raman spectroscopy



Figure S6.1.1 Experimental setup for the Raman experiments, showing the Porto notation for all possible polarization configurations in the backscattering geometry. k is the propagation vector, and, ε_i and ε_s are the polarization vectors of the incident and scattered light.



Figure S6.1.2 Raman spectra for (up) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (down) NiCo₂TeO₆ single crystals, measured at 4 K and at all possible polarization configurations in the backscattering geometry. One spin excitation at ~15 cm⁻¹ can be observed for both compounds.



Figure S6.1.3 Temperature dependence of Raman spectra for (up) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (down) NiCo₂TeO₆ single crystals, measured at $x(zz)\bar{x}$, $x(zy)\bar{x}$ and $x(yy)\bar{x}$ polarization configurations.



Figure S6.2.1 Temperature dependence of the real and imaginary parts of the index of refraction for (left) Ni₂CoTeO₆ and (right) NiCo₂TeO₆ for selected temperatures from 5 to 300 K. At least five spin excitations appear below T_N for both compounds.



Figure S6.2.2 Magnetic field dependence of the complex index of refraction at (a), (b) 30 K, and (c), (d) 5 K of Ni₂CoTeO₆ and NiCo₂TeO₆ respectively, as obtained by the time-domain THz spectra, with $H_{\text{ext}} \perp E^{\omega}$ and up to 7 T.

S6.3. Spin and lattice excitations tables

Table S6.2.1 Frequencies of the IR active modes in the Ni ₂ CoTeO ₆ and NiCo ₂ TeO ₆ ceramics at 10 K and Raman active
modes at 4 K, as obtained by the fits of IR reflectivity with ε_{∞} =4.6 and 4.1 respectively. The low frequency modes in
the first lines come from the THz spectra. The damping constants and dielectric strength of the IR-active modes are also
listed. The modes observed as weak in Raman spectra are marked by w in subscript. Both IR- and Raman-active spin
excitations are proposed to be electromagnons.

Ni ₂ CoTeO ₆										
			I	R 10 K						
Symmetry	$z(xx)\overline{z}$	$z(xy)\overline{z}$	$z(yy)\overline{z}$	$x(yy)\bar{x}$	$x(yz)\bar{x}$	$x(zz)\overline{x}$	$\omega_{\rm TO}(\rm cm^{-1})$	$v_{TO}(cm^{-1})$	$\Delta \varepsilon$	
spin excitation	16.1	16.1	15			13.6	16.9	1.5	0.02	
spin excitation					24.1		28.7	6.0	0.02	
spin excitation							31.0	2.5	0.006	
spin excitation							34.2	3.5	0.01	
spin excitation					66.9		60.0	38.3	0.06	
spin excitation					117.8					
E(TO)	171.0	162.1	169.9	167.3		168.6	165.2	13.2	0.10	
							193.4	29.9	0.04	
E(LO)	209.9			209.8	201.8		212.3	10.0	0.41	
E(LO)	227.0 _w	225.9 _w	225.9 _w		227.3	224.6 _w	224.3	5.4	0.20	
							244.4	15.4	0.16	
A(TO)	274.1_w	274.2 _w		272.7	274.1	272.7	269.6	12.4	0.52	
							289.3	14.9	0.79	
E(TO)	308.6	307.3	307.4	312.9	307.3	307.3	297.9	10.0	0.104	
A(TO)	351.4 _w	350.3 _w	354.2 _w		352.8	351.5	349.2	19.1	0.33	
A(TO)	371.4 _w		370.1 _w	370.2	371.7	370.6	375.8	10.5	0.32	
E(TO)	382.2	383.7	383.4							
E(LO)				415.4	415.7		424.5	33.4	0.25	
E(TO)	444.9	446.4	445.9	444.8 _w	444.8	446.3	441.7	10.5	1.17	
A(TO)		475.8 _w		477.1_w	478.5	477.5	446.8	6.7	0.19	
A(LO)	491.5	490.6 _w	490.4							
E(TO)	506.6	507.0	506.3	505.1_{w}	506.6 _w	506.5	513.0	16.7	0.42	
A(TO)	537.2 _w			538.6	538.4	539.1	523.7	13.4	0.28	
							530.7	7.0	0.03	
E(TO)	572.0	570.5				566.7				
E(TO)	582.7	581.3	582.2		581.3_{w}	583.1_w	583.7	19.8	0.08	
E(LO)				598.7_{w}	601.4	601.4_{w}				
A(TO)						644.1				
A(TO)	661.3				663.9	662.7				
E(TO)	689.5	689.3	688.9	690.7	691.2	690.6				
A(LO)	714.6	714.5 _w	714.4							

NiCo ₂ TeO ₆											
			Rama	n 4 K			IR 10 K				
Symmetry	$z(xx)\overline{z}$	$z(xy)\overline{z}$	$z(yy)\overline{z}$	$x(yy)\bar{x}$	$x(zy)\bar{x}$	$x(zz)\overline{x}$	$\omega_{\rm TO}(\rm cm^{-1})$	$\gamma_{TO}(cm^{-1})$	$\Delta \varepsilon$		
spin excitation							6.6	1.1	0.02		
spin excitation	16.2	14.8	14.9_{w}				18.9	2.4	0.02		
spin excitation							23.1	5.3	0.05		
spin excitation							35.0	11.6	0.002		
spin excitation							43.7	7.0	0.007		
spin excitation							59.4	30.6	0.05		
A(TO)	161.3 _w		159.8 _w	158.3 _w	155.3 _w	156.8					
E(TO)	206.1	207.7	206.2			201.6	195.2	32.7	0.43		
							211.4	15.8	0.98		
							237.5	15.2	0.19		
							241.4	23.9	0.23		
- <i>i</i>							255.1	22.7	0.83		
E(TO)	263.0	263.2	262.8	261.5	263.2		278.2	18.6	0.74		
E(TO)	298.8	298.9	297.4	295.9	295.8		288.4	11.2	0.09		
E(LO)	328.8 _w	327.3 _w			327.4		320.0	11.9	0.06		
A(TO)	202 7	202 7	202 7	369.1	370.6 _w	369.2	345.8	38.5	0.25		
E(TO)	382.7	382.7	382.7				3/3.2	9.9	0.37		
A(TO)	425.0			495.0	405	412.6	413.4	31.8	0.42		
E(TO)	435.0	434.9	434.5	435.0	435		428.8	12.2	1.12		
A(TO)				470.9	470.9 _w		433.1	6.3	0.19		
E(TO)	485.8	485.7	484.8								
E(TO)	500.8	499.2	500.4				504.1	19.1	0.36		
							512.7	5.3	0.01		
							517.0	17.2	0.31		
A(TO)				535.2		535.3					
A(TO)				559.2	559.1						
E(TO)	566.7	566.5	565.7				573.0	29.2	0.06		
A(TO)				584.6	590.5						
A(LO)				639.8							
E(TO)		657.8									
E(TO)	687.8	688.3	687.9	689.2	690.0	689.5					
A(LO)	711.1	711.5 _w	710.8								

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